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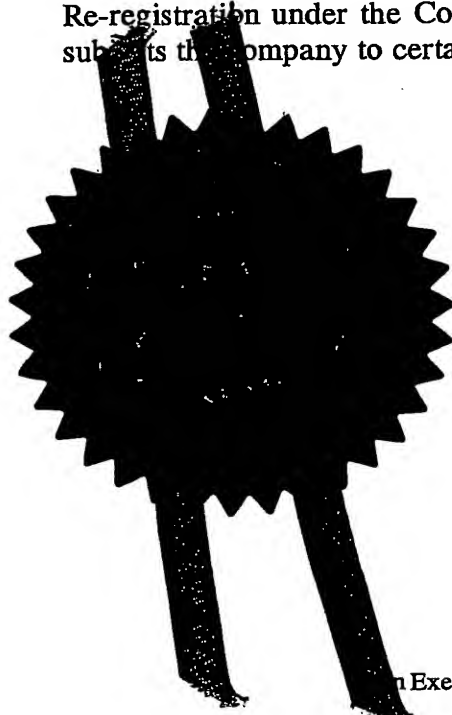
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2. Patent application number (The Patent Office will fill in this part)	0216278.2		12 JUL 2002
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Patents ADP number (if you know it) <span style="float: right;">765227003</span>			
If the applicant is a corporate body, give the country/state of its incorporation	FINLAND		
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## COMMUNICATION CHANNEL SELECTION

### Field of the Invention

The present invention relates to configuration of PDP contexts between a user equipment and a network, and particularly to such configuration for signalling traffic. The invention is particularly concerned with the situation where more than one possible PDP context may be provided, and particularly but not exclusively where the PDP contexts include a dedicated signalling PDP context and a general purpose PDP context.

### Background to the Invention

In third generation mobile communication systems such as 3GPP systems, PDP contexts establish communication sessions between user equipment (UE) and the gateway GPRS support node (GGSN) in the communication network. In 3GPP release 5 (R5), it is proposed that IP multimedia subsystem related signalling traffic may be carried between the UE and the network on one of two PDP contexts: a dedicated signalling PDP context or a general purpose PDP context.

In 3GPP R5, it is proposed that the UE indicates to the network the desired PDP context by setting a flag in the protocol configuration options (PCO) sent to the network. If this flag is set, it indicates a request for the dedicated signalling PDP context. If this flag is not set, it indicates a request for the general purpose PDP context.

The dedicated signalling PDP context requires support from the network, for example the network must check that only signalling traffic is carried on the dedicated signalling PDP context. The 3GPP R5 specification allows for the operator of a network to choose whether to support dedicated signalling PDP contexts. If dedicated signalling PDP contexts are not supported by the network operator, then the user equipment should use the general purpose PDP context for IP multimedia subsystem related signalling.

Thus if the UE requests a dedicated signalling PDP context, the network may not be able to support such, and consequently the request by the user equipment may not be facilitated.

5 In addition, the PDP request is communicated to the gateway GPRS support node (GGSN) of a network via a serving GPRS support node (SGSN). If the SGSN is a pre-R5 version, then it will not support the use of the signalling flag in the secondary PDP context activation request or in the PDP context modification request indicating a request for a dedicated signalling PDP context, and will not forward such flag or request to the GGSN.

10 Thus if the UE requests a dedicated signalling PDP context, the GGSN may not receive the request, and consequently the request by the user equipment may not be facilitated.

15 If a request for a dedicated signalling PDP context is accepted by the network, the operator of a network may wish to decide which traffic is allowed use of such PDP context. 3GPP R5 specifies that the traffic on the dedicated signalling PDP context has to be of the type SIP, DHCP, or DNS. However the operator of the network may also wish to provide for other types of traffic to be supported on the dedicated signalling PDP context. For example, the traffic on the dedicated signalling PDP context may be free of charge to the user, and the operator may allow other types of  
20 traffic to be free of charge.

Thus, if a dedicated signalling PDP context is accepted, the UE may not know all the types of traffic which the network allows to be transported on that PDP context.

It is an object of the present invention to provide a solution to one or all of the above-stated problems.

## 25 Summary of the Invention

In accordance with the present invention there is provided a method of establishing a communication connection for traffic between a user equipment and a network, comprising: transmitting a communication connection request from the user equipment to a network element, the request including an indication of a preferred

communication connection; receiving a least a part of said request at the network element; selecting at the network element a communication connection for the traffic; and communicating the selected communication connection to the user equipment. The communication connection is preferably a PDP context.

- 5 The step of communicating may comprise transmitting a message to the user equipment identifying the selected PDP context. The step of communicating may comprise transmitting a message to the user equipment identifying the non-selected PDP context. The step of selecting the PDP context may be dependent upon the preferred PDP context and the PDP contexts supported by the network.

- 10 The step of communicating may comprise transmitting a message to the user equipment confirming that the preferred PDP context is selected. The step of communicating may comprise transmitting a message to the user equipment rejecting the preferred PDP context.

- 15 The message may identify an alternative to the preferred PDP context. The step of selecting may comprise determining the type of traffic to be transmitted on the PDP context. The step of selecting may comprise selecting a first PDP context for a first set of traffic type and selecting a second PDP context for a second set of traffic type.

- 20 The step of communicating may include communicating the allowed traffic types to the user equipment. The traffic may be signalling traffic. The at least two PDP contexts may include a dedicated signalling PDP context and a general purpose PDP context.

The method may further comprise the step of receiving the PDP request from the user equipment at a further network element, and transmitting the PDP request from the further network element to the network element.

- 25 The network element may remove the preferred PDP context from the request such that the request transmitted from the further network element to the network element does not include an indication of a preferred PDP context.

The step of communicating may include transmitting a cause code or signalling flag:

The present invention further provides a method of establishing a PDP context for signalling traffic between a user equipment and a network, comprising: receiving a first PDP request from the user equipment at a first network element, the PDP request including an identity of a preferred PDP context; receiving a second PDP request from the first network element at a second network element, the second PDP request including at least part of the first PDP request; selecting, at the second network element, a PDP context for the signalling traffic,; and confirming the selected PDP context to the user equipment.

- 10 The second PDP request preferably includes the identity of the preferred PDP context, wherein the second network element selects the PDP context in dependence on the preferred PDP context and the PDP contexts supported by the network.

- 15 The second PDP request may not include the identity of the preferred PDP context, wherein the second network element selects the PDP context in dependence on PDP contexts supported by the network.

The selected PDP context may be a default PDP context.

The selected PDP context may include one of a dedicated signalling PDP context and a general purpose PDP context.

- 20 The step of confirming may comprise transmitting a cause code to the user equipment.

The present invention further provides a computer program product for storing computer program code adapted to perform the method of any one of the appended method claims.

- 25 In a further aspect the present invention provides a network element for determining a communication connection for traffic between a user equipment and a network, comprising: means for receiving a communication connection request from the user equipment; means for selecting a communication channel for the traffic; and means

for communicating the selected communication to the user equipment. The communication channel is preferably a PDP context.

5 The communication channel request may include an identity of a preferred communication channel. The means for communicating may be adapted to transmit a message to the user equipment identifying the selected PDP context. The means for communicating may be adapted to transmit a message to the user equipment identifying the non-selected PDP context.

The means for selecting one of at least two PDP contexts may be responsive to the PDP contexts supported by the network.

10 The PDP request may include an identity of a preferred PDP context, the means for selecting being further responsive to the preferred PDP context. The means for communicating may be adapted to transmit a message to the user equipment confirming that the preferred PDP context is selected.

15 The means for selecting may comprise means for determining the type of traffic to be transmitted on the PDP context.

20 The means for selecting may comprise means for selecting a first PDP context for a first set of signalling types and means for selecting a second PDP context for a second set of signalling types. The means for communicating may be adapted to communicate the allowed traffic types to the user equipment. The traffic is preferably signalling traffic.

The PDP contexts may include a dedicated signalling PDP context and a general purpose PDP context. The network element is preferably a gateway GPRS support node. The means for requesting is preferably connected to receive the PDP request from a serving GPRS support node.

25 The invention further provides a network element for determining a PDP context for traffic between a user equipment and a network, comprising: means for receiving a first PDP request from the user equipment at a first network element, the first PDP request including an identity of a preferred PDP context; means for receiving a second PDP request from the first network element at a second network element, the

second PDP request including at least part of the first PDP request; the second network element including means for selecting a PDP context for the traffic; and means for confirming the selected PDP context to the user equipment.

5 The second PDP request may include the identity of the preferred PDP context, the means for selecting being dependent upon the preferred PDP context and the PDP contexts supported by the network.

The second PDP request may not include the identity of the preferred PDP context, wherein the second network element selects the PDP context in dependence on PDP contexts supported by the network.

10 The selected PDP context may be a default PDP context. The selected PDP context may be one of a dedicated signalling PDP context and a general purpose PDP context. The first network element may be a SGSN and the second network element may be a GGSN. The message may be a cause code to the user equipment.

15 In accordance with the present invention there is also provided a communication system including a serving GPRS support node for receiving a PDP request from a user equipment, the PDP request including an identity of a preferred PDP context; and a gateway GPRS support node for receiving a PDP request from the serving GPRS support node, wherein the gateway GPRS support node is adapted to select a dedicated signalling PDP context or a general purpose PDP context for signalling  
20 traffic between the user equipment and the communication system in dependence upon the PDP contexts supported by the network and to confirm the selected PDP context to the user equipment.

The gateway GPRS preferably support node receives the PDP request from the serving GPRS node including the identity of preferred PDP context, the gateway  
25 GPRS support node being further adapted to select the signalling PDP context in further dependence on the identity of the preferred PDP context.

The invention further provides a cause code for a communication system in which a PDP context is to be established traffic between a user equipment and a network, the PDP context being established by: receiving a PDP request from the user equipment

at a network element; selecting a dedicated signalling PDP context or a general purpose PDP context for the traffic; and confirming the selected PDP context to the user equipment using the cause code.

- 5 The invention still further provides a cause code for a 3GPP R5 communication system which indicates a signalling PDP context activated by a network to a user equipment.

#### Brief Description of the Drawings

The invention will now be described by way of reference to the accompanying figures, in which:

- 10 Figure 1 illustrates the main elements of a 3GPP network for illustrating the present invention;

Figure 2 illustrates a known PDP context activation; and

Figures 3(a) to 3(d) illustrate communication of a PDP context activation in accordance with embodiments of the present invention.

#### 15 Description of Preferred Embodiments

The invention is described herein by way of reference to particular examples. However the invention is not limited in its applicability to the described examples.

Referring to Figure 1, there is illustrated the main elements of a 3GPP network for understanding a preferred embodiment of the present invention.

- 20 A user equipment (UE) 10 is connected in a communication network generally illustrated by reference numeral 30. The communication network 30 includes a serving GPRS support node (SGSN) 12 and a gateway GPRS support node (GGSN) 14. The configuration of the communication network 30 will be well-known to one skilled in the art. Generally, a communication session is established between the  
25 GGSN 14 of the communication network and the user equipment 10 via the SGSN 12.

In accordance with 3GPP R5, the communication network may support IP multimedia subsystem (IMS) related signalling traffic between the user equipment and the communication network on either a dedicated signalling packet data protocol (PDP) context or on a general purpose PDP context. This is illustrated in Figure 1 by an IMS server 31 connected in communications with the GGSN 14. The operator of the GGSN in the communication network will determine whether the dedicated signalling PDP context is supported by the communication network.

When the user equipment 10 initiates a session through the communication network, a PDP context must be established between the user equipment and the GGSN in the communication network. In accordance with 3GPP R5, the user equipment is able to request in establishing the PDP context that a dedicated signalling PDP context be used. This is done by setting a signalling flag at PDP context activation, at secondary PDP context activation, or at PDP context modification.

Referring to Figure 2 in combination with Figure 1, there is illustrated an example PDP context activation in accordance with a preferred embodiment of the present invention. The example shown is based on an "Activate PDP Context Request". Other examples include "Activate Secondary PDP Context Request" or "Modify PDP Context Request".

In the PDP context activation, the UE 10 sends an Activate PDP Context Request message 50 to the SGSN 12 of the network 30. In accordance with 3GPP R5, this message may include protocol configuration options (PCO) possibly including the signalling flag. For the purposes of this example, it is assumed that the signalling flag is set, indicating a request for a dedicated signalling PDP context.

In accordance with known techniques, the SGSN 12 then transmits a Create PDP Context Request message 52 to the GGSN 14. Again, this message may include a PCO possibly including the signalling flag.

The Create PDP Context Request message is received at an input/output block 18 of the GGSN 14. A control block 16 of the GGSN reads the message 52, and as part of the known procedure determines if the signalling flag is set. If the signalling flag is

set, then the GGSN checks whether signalling PDP contexts are supported by the network. In this embodiment, the control block 16 checks a storage block 20 which stores details of the signalling PDP contexts supported by the network.

5 In the present example it is assumed that the network does support dedicated signalling PDP contexts. The control block 16 therefore configures a dedicated signalling PDP context in accordance with known techniques.

In accordance with known techniques, once the PDP context is activated, the GGSN 14 transmits a Reply (Accept) message 54 back to the SGSN 12, which in turn transmits a Reply (Accept) message 56 to the UE 10.

10 In accordance with a preferred embodiment of the present invention, the Reply (Accept) messages are modified or extended to include an indication of the PDP context established. That is, the messages include an indication of whether the dedicated signalling PDP context has been established. This can be done in a number of ways.

15 One embodiment for communicating the PDP context status to the UE is shown in Figure 3(a), in which the Reply (Accept) messages include the protocol configuration options (PCO) including the signalling flag. The GGSN sets the signalling flag in the Reply (Accept) message 54 to indicate that the dedicated signalling PDP context has been established, and the SGSN copies the signalling flag to the Reply (Accept)  
20 message 56. In this way, the setting of the signalling flag in the Reply (Accept) message indicates to the UE whether the dedicated signalling PDP context has been established or whether the general purpose PDP context has been established.

A further modification to the example described above is now considered, where the network does not support the dedicated signalling PDP context. Two embodiments  
25 for such a scenario are considered below.

In a first embodiment, when the GGSN receives the Create PDP Context Request with the signalling flag set, and the network does not support dedicated signalling PDP contexts, the network in any event establishes the PDP context as a general purpose PDP context. In this embodiment, there is no rejection of the PDP context,

and hence there is no requirement for the UE to initiate a further PDP context activation, secondary PDP context activation, or PDP context modification. This has the advantage of requiring less signalling between the UE and the network. Preferably, the network informs the UE that the general purpose PDP context has been activated, and this may be done by not setting the signalling flag in the Reply (Accept) message 54 returned to the SGSN 12, and the Reply (Accept) message returned to the UE 10. This is illustrated in Figure 3(b). As such, the UE knows the PDP context established.

In a second embodiment, when the GGSN receives the Create PDP Context Request with the signalling flag set, and the network does not support dedicated signalling PDP contexts, the PDP context is rejected by the GGSN. In 3GPP R5 there is an existing cause code: "Service Not Supported". This cause code could be returned to the UE. This is illustrated in Figure 3(c). However, this does not give the UE information that it is the dedicated signalling PDP context that the network does not support. After receiving the PDP context rejection, the UE may need to initiate a PDP context requesting the general purpose PDP context in order to proceed if such PDP context does not already exist.

For both the first and second embodiments described hereinabove, the present invention preferably further provides a new cause code for transmission to the UE. Such cause code may, for example, be: "Dedicated Signalling PDP Context not Supported". Preferably this cause code is transported transparently through the SGSN, using the protocol configuration options (PCO). Alternatively the cause code may be carried from the GGSN to the SGSN, and from the SGSN to the UE, as is illustrated in Figure 3(d).

In the above examples, it is assumed that all elements of the network support 3GPP R5. However, it is possible that pre-Release 5 3GPP SGSNs may be utilised in a network where the GGSN is R5. If the SGSN is pre-R5, it will not be able to recognise the signalling flag in the Activate Secondary PDP Context Request or Modify PDP Context Request. As such, the flag will not be forwarded to the GGSN and the GGSN will not know that the UE has requested a dedicated signalling PDP

context. In such cases, the GGSN may allocate a general purpose PDP context, without realising that the UE was not expecting such.

Therefore in accordance with a preferred embodiment of the present invention, the GGSN always indicates a successful dedicated signalling PDP context activation, when the signalling flag is received and the network provides the required support. In this way, if the UE does not receive such indication, but does receive an indication that the PDP context has been activated, then it knows that the PDP context activation is a normal one, i.e. a general purpose PDP context. Preferably the indication is provided transparently through the SGSN, for example in PCO. As discussed elsewhere herein, the indication may be sent using a new cause code, or by setting the signalling flag in the message to the UE.

In such a case, if the UE knows that the SGSN is pre-R5, then when it receives a message that the PDP context was successfully activated it knows that this is a general purpose PDP context. The UE may know that the SGSN is a pre-R5 SGSN if the Reply (Accept) message does not include the protocol configuration options. However in such case the dedicated signalling PDP context is not established on the basis that the SGSN is pre-R5, irrespective of whether the network supports dedicated signalling PDP contexts.

In a further embodiment, the present invention provides a mechanism for allowing the operator of the network to decide which traffic is allowed to be carried on an accepted signalling PDP context. The usefulness of this is that the operator may allow traffic on certain PDP contexts, such as the dedicated signalling PDP context to be carried free of charge. 3GPP R5 specifies that the dedicated signalling PDP context carries SIP, DHCP and DNS traffic. However the operator may also wish to allow other types of traffic to be transported on the dedicated signalling PDP context.

The invention therefore provides, in this embodiment, a means for notifying the UE of the type of traffic which may be supported on the selected PDP context. This information is preferably transported transparently through the SGSN, for example in the protocol configuration options (PCO) or in the traffic flow template (TFT). The

network may send a list of allowed traffic, e.g. in the form of protocols, IP addresses, port numbers (from which protocols can be derived) and such like. The list of allowed traffic may be carried e.g. from the GGSN when sending the Reply (Accept) message.

- 5 As the present invention provides for communicating to the UE the PDP context activated, particularly where the UE requests a dedicated signalling PDP context, the user equipment is notified if in fact a general purpose PDP context is established; and the UE therefore knows that conventional charging may be applied to the PDP context. The UE is also preferably notified if additional traffic other than IP multimedia  
10 subsystem related signalling traffic may be carried on the PDP context.

The embodiments above describe the UE and network behaviour and information exchange at primary PDP context activation, i.e. when the UE sends Activate PDP Context Request to the network. The same UE and network behaviour and information exchange applies at secondary PDP context activation, i.e. when the UE  
15 sends Activate Secondary PDP Context Request to the network, or at PDP context modification, i.e. when the UE sends Modify PDP Context Request to the network.

Whilst the present invention has been described herein by way of reference to particular embodiments, it is not limited to any such embodiments. The invention may be more broadly applied, as will be understood by one skilled in the art. The scope of  
20 protection is defined by the appended claims.

CLAIMS

- 5 1. A method of establishing a communication connection for traffic between a user equipment and a network, comprising: transmitting a communication connection request from the user equipment to a network element, the request including an indication of a preferred communication connection; receiving a least a part of said request at the network element; selecting at the network element a communication connection for the traffic; and communicating the selected communication connection to the user equipment.
- 10 2. A method according to claim 1 wherein the communication connection is a PDP context.
- 15 3. A method according to claim 2 wherein the step of communicating comprises transmitting a message to the user equipment identifying the selected PDP context.
- 20 4. A method according to claim 2 wherein the step of communicating comprises transmitting a message to the user equipment identifying the non-selected PDP context.
- 25 5. A method according to any one of claims 2 to 4 wherein the step of selecting the PDP context is dependent upon the preferred PDP context and the PDP contexts supported by the network.

6. A method according to claim 5 wherein the step of communicating comprises transmitting a message to the user equipment confirming that the preferred PDP context is selected.
- 5 7. A method according to claim 5 wherein the step of communicating comprises transmitting a message to the user equipment rejecting the preferred PDP context.
8. A method according to claim 5 wherein the message identifies an alternative to  
10 the preferred PDP context.
9. A method according to any one of claims 2 to 8 wherein the step of selecting comprises determining the type of traffic to be transmitted on the PDP context.
- 15 10. A method according to any one of claims 2 to 9 wherein the step of selecting comprises selecting a first PDP context for a first set of traffic type and selecting a second PDP context for a second set of traffic type.
11. A method according to claim 9 or claim 10 wherein the step of communicating  
20 includes communicating the allowed traffic types to the user equipment.
12. A method according to any one of claims 2 to 11 wherein the traffic is signalling traffic.
- 25 13. A method according to any one of claims 2 to 12 wherein the at least two PDP contexts include a dedicated signalling PDP context and a general purpose PDP context.

14. A method according to any one of claims 2 to 13 further comprising the step of receiving the PDP request from the user equipment at a further network element, and transmitting the PDP request from the further network element to the network element.

15. A method according to claim 14 wherein the further network element removes the preferred PDP context from the request such that the request transmitted from the further network element to the network element does not include an indication of a preferred PDP context.

16. A method according to any one of claims 2 to 15 wherein the step of communicating includes transmitting a cause code or signalling flag.

17. A method of establishing a PDP context for signalling traffic between a user equipment and a network, comprising: receiving a first PDP request from the user equipment at a first network element, the PDP request including an identity of a preferred PDP context; receiving a second PDP request from the first network element at a second network element, the second PDP request including at least part of the first PDP request; selecting, at the second network element, a PDP context for the signalling traffic; and confirming the selected PDP context to the user equipment.

18. A method according to claim 17, wherein the second PDP request includes the identity of the preferred PDP context, wherein the second network element selects the PDP context in dependence on the preferred PDP context and the PDP contexts supported by the network.

19.A method according to claim 17, wherein the second PDP request does not include the identity of the preferred PDP context, wherein the second network element selects the PDP context in dependence on PDP contexts supported by the network.

20.A method according to claim 19 wherein the selected PDP context is a default PDP context.

21.A method according to any one of claims 18 to 20 wherein the selected PDP context includes one of a dedicated signalling PDP context and a general purpose PDP context.

22.A method according to any one of claims 18 to 21 wherein the step of confirming comprises transmitting a cause code to the user equipment.

23.A computer program product for storing computer program code adapted to perform the method of any one of claims 2 to 22.

24.A network element for determining a communication connection for traffic between a user equipment and a network, comprising: means for receiving a communication connection request from the user equipment; means for selecting a communication channel for the traffic; and means for communicating the selected communication to the user equipment.

25.A network element according to claim 24 wherein the communication channel is a PDP context.

26. A network element according to claim 24 of claim 25 wherein the communication channel request includes an identity of a preferred communication channel.

5 27. A network element according to claim 25 or claim 26 wherein the means for communicating is adapted to transmit a message to the user equipment identifying the selected PDP context.

10 28. A network element according to claim 25 or claim 26 wherein the means for communicating is adapted to transmit a message to the user equipment identifying the non-selected PDP context.

15 29. A network element according to any one of claims 25 to 28 wherein the means for selecting one of at least two PDP contexts is responsive to the PDP contexts supported by the network.

20 30. A network element according to claim 29 wherein the PDP request includes an identity of a preferred PDP context, the means for selecting being further responsive to the preferred PDP context.

31. A network element according to claim 30 wherein the means for communicating is adapted to transmit a message to the user equipment confirming that the preferred PDP context is selected.

25 32. A network element according to any one of claims 25 to 31 wherein the means for selecting comprises means for determining the type of traffic to be transmitted on the PDP context.

33. A network element according to any one of claims 25 to 32 wherein the means for selecting comprises means for selecting a first PDP context for a first set of signalling types and means for selecting a second PDP context for a second set of signalling types.

34. A network element according to claim 32 or 33 wherein the means for communicating is adapted to communicate the allowed traffic types to the user equipment.

35. A network element according to any one of claims 25 to 34 wherein the traffic is signalling traffic.

36. A network element according to any one of claims 25 to 35 wherein the PDP contexts include a dedicated signalling PDP context and a general purpose PDP context.

37. A network element according to any one of claims 25 to 36 comprising a gateway GPRS support node.

38. A network element according to claim 37 wherein the means for requesting is connected to receive the PDP request from a serving GPRS support node.

39. A network element for determining a PDP context for traffic between a user equipment and a network, comprising: means for receiving a first PDP request from the user equipment at a first network element, the first PDP request including an identity of a preferred PDP context; means for receiving a second

PDP request from the first network element at a second network element, the second PDP request including at least part of the first PDP request; the second network element including means for selecting a PDP context for the traffic; and means for confirming the selected PDP context to the user equipment.

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40. A network element according to claim 39 wherein the second PDP request includes the identity of the preferred PDP context, the means for selecting being dependent upon the preferred PDP context and the PDP contexts supported by the network.

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41. A network element according to claim 40 wherein the second PDP request does not include the identity of the preferred PDP context, wherein the second network element selects the PDP context in dependence on PDP contexts supported by the network.

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42. A network element according to claim 41 wherein the selected PDP context is a default PDP context.

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43. A network element according to any one of claims 39 to 42 wherein the selected PDP context is one of a dedicated signalling PDP context and a general purpose PDP context.

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44. A network element according to any one of claims 39 to 43 wherein the first network element is a SGSN and the second network element is a GGSN.

45. A network element according to claim 44 wherein the message is a cause code to the user equipment.

46. A communication system including a serving GPRS support node for receiving a PDP request from a user equipment, the PDP request including an identity of a preferred PDP context; and a gateway GPRS support node for receiving a PDP request from the serving GPRS support node, wherein the gateway GPRS support node is adapted to select a dedicated signalling PDP context or a general purpose PDP context for signalling traffic between the user equipment and the communication system in dependence upon the PDP contexts supported by the network and to confirm the selected PDP context to the user equipment.

47. A communication system according to claim 46 wherein the gateway GPRS support node receives the PDP request from the serving GPRS node including the identity of preferred PDP context, the gateway GPRS support node being further adapted to select the signalling PDP context in further dependence on the identity of the preferred PDP context.

48. A cause code for a communication system in which a PDP context is to be established traffic between a user equipment and a network, the PDP context being established by: receiving a PDP request from the user equipment at a network element; selecting a dedicated signalling PDP context or a general purpose PDP context for the traffic; and confirming the selected PDP context to the user equipment using the cause code.

49. A cause code for a 3GPP R5 communication system which indicates a signalling PDP context activated by a network to a user equipment.

**Abstract**

There is disclosed a method of establishing a communication connection for traffic between a user equipment and a network, comprising: transmitting a communication connection request from the user equipment to a network element, the request  
5 including an indication of a preferred communication connection; receiving a least a part of said request at the network element; selecting at the network element a communication connection for the traffic; and communicating the selected communication connection to the user equipment.

10

[Figure 3]

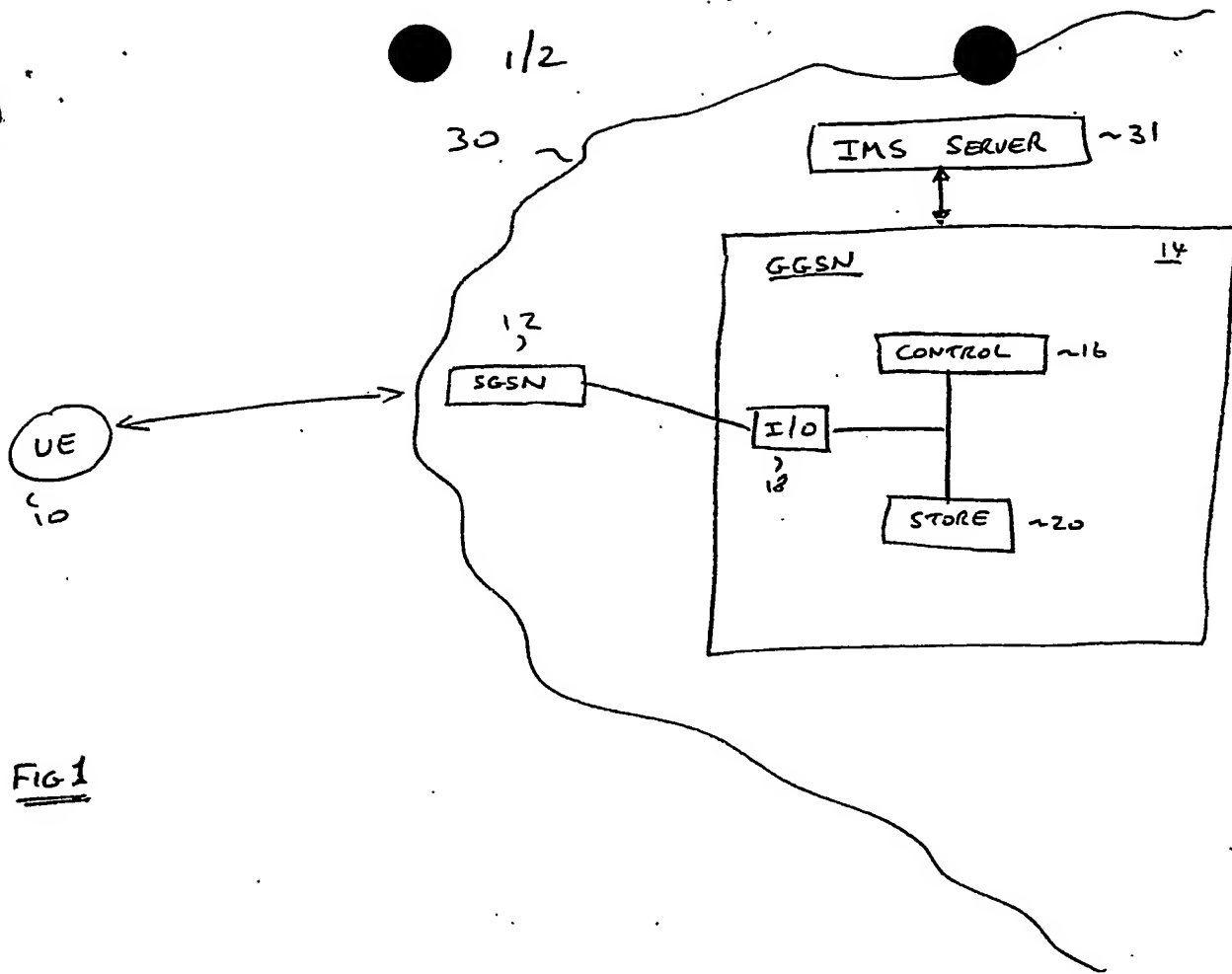


FIG 1

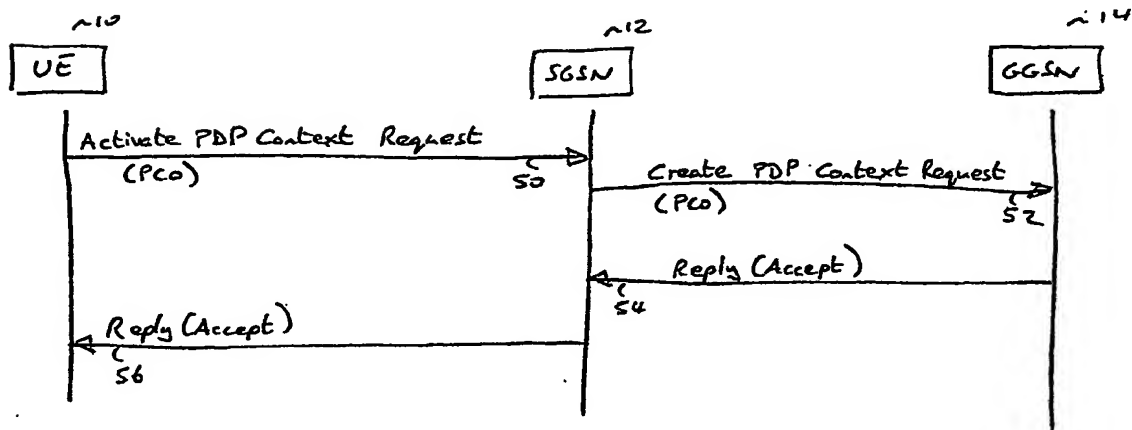
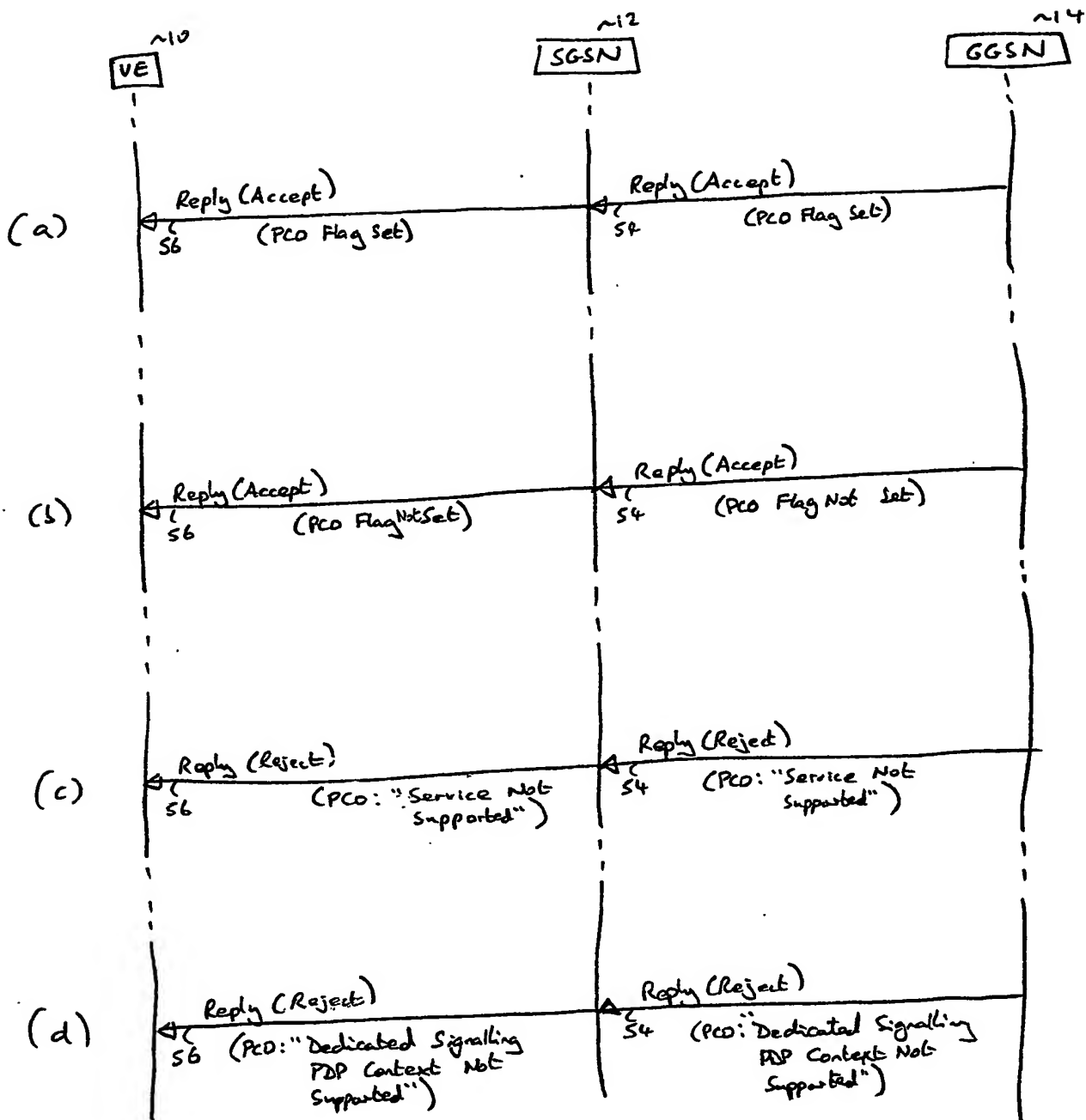


FIG 2

FIG 3

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